MOSQUITOES

THEY CAN CARRY SERIOUS DISEASES SUCH AS: ENCEPHALITIS

(SLEEPING SICKNESS)



DESTROY MOSQUITO BREEDING PLACES

For Assistance Contact; General Sanitation Division Texas Department of Health 1100 West 49th Street Austin, TX 78756 512-776-7111

STOP MOSQUITO DEVELOPMENT GET RID OF STANDING WATER!

Empty, remove, cover or turn upside down any receptacle that would hold water – particularly old bottles and tin cans.

Change water and scrub vases holding flowers or cuttings twice each week – or grow cuttings in sand.

Discard old tires or store them indoors.

Screen rain barrels and openings to water tanks or cisterns.

Repair leaky plumbing and outside faucets

Connect open waste-water drains to a sewage system, or construct separate sump or leach lines

Clean clogged roof gutters and drain flat roofs.

Fill holes in trees with sand or mortar, or drain or spray them, as required

Stock ornamental ponds with mosquito fish

MOSQUITOES develop only in water... Water standing just a few days can produce a crop of mosquitoes! **STOP**

RAISING MOSQUITOES IN YOUR YARD AND HOME



From your friends at **PHESCO International, LLC** Sales Service Equipment Experience "the Mosquito Pros since 1947" www.phesco.com #

STOP MOSQUITOES!

If there are any places around your home

where water collects, such as

water-holding containers, house cooler

drains, and ornamental ponds – YOU MAY BE RAISING MOSQUITOES!

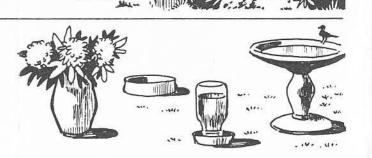
CHECK YOUR YARD & HOME ...

YOU SHOULD ... Get rid of old tires, tin cans, bottles, jars, buckets, drums and other containers, or should keep them empty.

YOU SHOULD ... Empty your plastic wading pool weekly and store it indoors when not in use.

YOU SHOULD ... Repair leaky pipes, outside faucets, and move house cooler drain hoses frequently.

YOU SHOULD ... Change water and scrub vases holding flowers or cuttings twice each week—or grow cuttings in sand; scrub and change water in bird baths twice weekly; empty watering pans of pets and chickens daily.



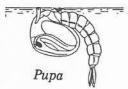
IT'S A FACT ...

All mosquitoes need water in which to pass their early life stages . . . Adult flying mosquitoes frequently rest in grass, shrubbery or other foliage, but they never develop there . . .



lay their eggs in standing water where they hatch in a day or two. Other mosquitoes lay their eggs in old tires, tin cans, or other water-holding containers in which they may remain unhatched for weeks or months until they are covered with water. With both types of mosquitoes, the wigglers or larvae grow quickly and turn into tumblers or pupae. Soon the skin of the tumbler splits open and out climbs another hungry mosquito.

The Larva



Adult female